United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois



Name of Assigned Judge or Magistrate Judge	James B. Moran	Sitting Judge if Other than Assigned Judge			
CASE NUMBER	97 C 461	DATE	5/17/2001		
CASE TITLE	Central States etc	e. et al. Vs. Manning Motor l	Express, Inc. et al.		

	CASE TITLE			Central	States etc. et	al. Vs.	Manni	ng Moto	r Exp	ress, Inc	c. et	al.
[In the following box nature of the motion b) indicate the party filing the motion, e.g., plaintiff, defendant, 3rd party plaintiff, and (b) state briefly the ng presented.]									
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(7)		Trial[set for/re-set for] on at										
(8)		[Bench/Jury trial] [Hearing] held/continued to at										
(9)		This case is dismissed [with/without] prejudice and without costs[by/agreement/pursuant to] □ FRCP4(m) □ General Rule 21 □ FRCP41(a)(1) □ FRCP41(a)(2).										
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

CENTRAL STATES, SOUTHEAST AND SOUTHWEST AREAS PENSION FUND, and HOWARD McDOUGALL, trustee,))))	
Plaintiffs,)	
vs.) No. 97 C 461	
MANNING MOTOR EXPRESS, INC., A-1 EXPRESS, INC., K-T EXPRESS, INC., and BOWLING GREEN EXPRESS, INC.,))))	MAY 183
Defendants.)	<007

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Plaintiff obtained a judgment for interim payments of withdrawal liability on December 19, 2000. Finding no assets in this district it now seeks an order allowing the registration of the judgment in a foreign district. Defendants have filed an appeal but they have not posted a supersedeas bond. They oppose the motion and seek a stay of enforcement pending appeal, without bond. In the meantime, the parties are engaged in settlement discussions being conducted under the auspices of the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals. Plaintiff represents that it will not execute upon judgment so long as settlement discussions appear promising. Taking plaintiff at its word, we decline to permit registration elsewhere so long as settlement discussions appear promising, but that declination is solely for that reason, and we deny the motion to stay enforcement pending appeal.

The Manning companies are in desperate shape. Only two of the companies are still

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in business, and the others have negative net worths. Of the operating companies, one has a negative net worth and the other has a small book equity which may well not be realizable. But they all have assets (as well as substantial liabilities). Enforcement of the judgment would, therefore, in all probability cause the operating companies to shut down and precipitate a contest by the creditors respecting the priorities of their claims.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1963 a judgment may be registered in another district for "good cause shown" while an appeal of that judgment is pending. The committee notes to the 1988 revision of the section make it clear that "good cause" is a showing of substantial assets in another district. And here there are substantial assets in another district. As we indicated in our Memorandum Opinion and Order of October 25, 2000, and as explained in Robbins v. Pepsi-Cola Metropolitan Bottling Co., 800 F.2d 641 (7th Cir. 1986), Congress has mandated a "pay now, arbitrate later" scheme to protect employees and other employers, and concerns about the economic viability of the defendants and for the claims of other creditors must give way. Neither a stay nor a non-consensual restriction upon registration would be consistent with that command.

May 17, 2001.